







Lumbini Bikas Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As on Quarter Ended 32nd Ashad 2079 (16 July 2022)

	This Quarter Ending	Bank Immediate Previous Year Ending (Audited)
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalent	4,576,571,364	4,264,391,045
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	1,111,432,968	1,318,007,209
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	-
Other trading assets	-	-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	2,340,988,240	2,516,006,709
Loans and advances to customers	38,081,068,002	29,673,539,872
Investment securities	8,804,475,602	4,977,422,560
Current tax assets	187,400,368	257,032,301
Investment in susidiaries	-	-
Investment in associates	645,443,641	583,734,750
Investment property	71,425,599	65,730,600
Property and equipment	341,123,496	305,936,977
Goodwill and Intangible assets	3,600,017	2,781,720
Deferred tax assets	-	-
Other assets	203,239,143	160,589,428
Total Assets	56,366,768,440	44,125,173,171

	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending (Audited)	
Liabilities			
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	1,498,221,240	408,344,280	
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	5,607,560,325	1,426,927,505	
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	
Deposits from customers	42,873,977,592	36,371,466,800	
Borrowing	-	-	
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-	
Provisions	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	111,889,351	194,461,121	
Other liabilities	455,760,553	429,401,671	
Debt securities issued	-	-	
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	
Total liabilities	50,547,409,061	38,830,601,376	
Equity			
Share capital	3,284,292,511	2,906,453,550	
Share premium	-	-	
Retained earnings	479,226,162	435,012,253	
Reserves	2,055,840,707	1,953,105,992	
Total equity attributable to equity holders	5,819,359,380	5,294,571,795	
Non-controlling interest	-	-	
Total equity	5,819,359,380	5,294,571,795	
Total liabilities and equity	56,366,768,440	44,125,173,171	

Lumbini Bikas Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss For the Quarter Ended 32nd Ashad 2079 (16 July 2022)

		Ban	k	
	Curren		(Au	dited)
		Upto This		Upto This
	This Quarter	Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Quarter (YTD)
Interest income	1,494,562,772	4,828,018,946	924,334,980	3,453,903,454
Interest expense	1,050,396,146	3,251,928,787	560,925,340	2,242,898,808
Net interest income	444,166,627	1,576,090,159	363,409,640	1,211,004,646
Fee and commission income	26,023,249	162,102,640	30,506,068	177,202,015
Fee and commission expense	2,549,187	8,669,339	1,503,303	4,842,097
Net fee and commission income	23,474,062	153,433,301	29,002,765	172,359,917
Net interest, fee and commission income	467,640,689	1,729,523,460	392,412,405	1,383,364,564
Net trading income	(15,327)	(52,231)	(6,160)	(17,864)
Other operating income	8,073,916	51,117,319	(23,321,522)	139,573,324
Total operating income	475,699,278	1,780,588,548	369,084,724	1,522,920,024
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	(78,828)	25,318,536	185,678,222	294,322,127
Net operating income	475,778,106	1,755,270,013	183,406,501	1,228,597,896
Operating expense				
Personnel expenses	139,189,916	469,304,848	87,443,373	358,789,822
Other operating expenses	93,142,754	264,385,746	70,052,352	214,949,596
Depreciation & Amortisation	13,581,001	51,250,872	12,416,801	48,476,118
Operating Profit	229,864,435	970,328,547	13,493,975	606,382,360
Non operating income	-	500,000	22,094,348	22,985,076
Non operating expense	-	698,940	2,289,038	4,055,221
Profit before income tax	229,864,435	970,129,607	33,299,285	625,312,215
Income tax expense	64,884,926	294,497,494	23,127,067	191,345,036
Current Tax	64,884,926	294,497,494	20,810,479	189,028,448
Deferred Tax	-	-	2,316,588	2,316,588
Profit for the period	164,979,509	675,632,113	10,172,217	433,967,179
Earnings per share				
Basic earnings per share		20.57		14.93
Diluted earnings per share		20.57		14.93



Lumbini Bikas Bank Limited Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income For the Quarter Ended 32nd Ashad 2079 (16 July 2022)

		Ba	ınk	
	Curren	t Year	Previous Year	Corresponding
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)
Profit for the period	164,979,509	675,632,113	10,172,217	433,967,179
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax				
a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss				
• Gains/(losses) from Investments in equity instruments measured at fair	(67,939,173)	(275,239,235)	605,809,908	536,112,372
value				
Gains/(losses) on revaluation				
 Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans 			13,116,043	13,116,043
 Income tax relating to above items 	20,381,752	82,571,770	(172,458,144)	(151,548,883)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or	(47,557,421)	(192,667,464)	446,467,807	397,679,532
loss				
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss				
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-		-
• Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from trasalating financial assets of foreign	-	-		-
operation)				
 Income tax relating to above items 	-	-		-
 Reclassify to profit or loss 	-	-		-
Net other comprehensive income that are or may be reclassified to profit		-		-
or loss				
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per	12,173,599	61,708,891	22,752,993	100,438,844
equity method				
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	(35,383,822)	(130,958,573)	469,220,801	498,118,376
Total comprehensive income for the year	129,595,687	544,673,540	479,393,018	932,085,555



Lumbini Bikas Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of cash flows For the year ended Sharwan 1st 2078 to 32nd Ashad 2079

		Bank
	Up to this quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto This Quarter
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	4,497,067,887	3,351,749,535
Fees and other income received	162,102,640	177,202,015
Divided received	36,062,387	16,063,827
Receipts from other operating activities	15,002,702	33,805,193
Interest paid	(3,251,928,787)	(2,242,898,808)
Commission and fees paid	(8,669,339)	(4,842,097)
Cash payment to employees	(361,512,669)	(331,389,924)
Other expense paid	(289,704,282)	(228,008,424) 771,681,316
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	798,420,539	//1,081,310
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets	205 574 241	(17.646.011)
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	206,574,241	(17,646,811)
Placement with bank and financial institutions	-	-
Other trading assets	-	-
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	175,018,469	(1,484,216,594)
Loans and advances to customers	(8,127,401,904)	(5,606,212,703)
Other assets	(42,649,715)	(45,207,048)
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities		
Due to bank and financial institutions	1,089,876,960	(768,420,192)
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	4,180,632,820	956,998,090
Deposit from customers	6,502,510,793	8,312,899,543
Borrowings	(01, 122, 207)	-
Other liabilities	(81,433,297)	109,692,708
Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid	4,701,548,906	2,229,568,309
Income taxes paid	(224,865,561)	(298,057,192)
Net cash flow from operating activities	4,476,683,345	1,931,511,117
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(4,102,292,278)	(2,930,331,671)
Receipts from sale of investment securities	-	551,621,716
Purchase of property and equipment	(87,951,059)	(38,748,004)
Receipt from the sale of property and equipment	2,695,471	692,350
Purchase of intangible assets	(2,000,100)	(491,550)
Receipt from the sale of intangible assets	(5,604,000)	
Purchase of investment properties Receipt from the sale of investment properties	(5,694,999)	-
Interest received	50,625,892	20,732,062
Dividend received	50,025,672	20,732,002
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,144,617,072)	(2,396,525,097)
CASH ELOWS EDOM EINANGING A CENTRES		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipt from issue of debt securities	-	_
Repayment of debt securities	-	-
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities	-	-
Repayment of subordinated liabilities	-	-
Receipt from issue of shares	(10.005.055)	- (02.150.201)
Dividends paid Interest paid	(19,885,955)	(82,150,281)
Other receipt/payment	-	-
Net cash from financing activities	(19,885,955)	(82,150,281)
		×=====================================
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	312,180,318	(547,164,261)
Opening Cash and cash equivalents	4,264,391,045	4,811,555,306
Derecognition of Cash and cash equivalent of Subsidiary		
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	A FRC FR1 040	4.364.301.645
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4,576,571,363	4,264,391,045



Statement of Distributable Profit Loss

(As per NRB Regulation)

Particulars	Upto This Quarter
Opening Retained Earning	435,012,253
Distribution of FY 2078-79	(397,724,917)
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	675,632,113
1.1 Profit required to be appropriated to:	
a. General reserve	135,126,423
b. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	189,745
c. Capital redemption reserve	
d. Corporate social responsibility fund	3,438,772
e. Employees' training fund	-
f. Other	
1.2 Profit required to be transfered to Regulatory Reserve:	
a.Transfer to Regulatory Reserve	(94,938,348)
b.Transfer from Regulatory Reserve	-
Distributable profit or (loss) for the Ashad End 2079	479,226,162



Particulars	Current	Current Year		corresponding
	This Quarter Ending	Up to this quarter	This Quarter Ending	Up to this quarter
Capital Fund to RWA		11.77%		13.26%
Non-Performing Loan (NPL) to total Loan		2.17%		
Total Loan Loss Provision to Total NPL		147.30%		
Cost of Fund		9.28%		6.33%
Credit to Deposit Ratio		89.21%		81.38%
Base Rate (Average of this Quarter)		10.90%		8.18%
Interest rate Spread		4.14%		

Statement of changes in Equity

	Bank									
	Attributable to equity holders of the Bank									
	Share Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalization reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair value reserve Re	valuation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserves	Total
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2078	2,906,453,550	-	807,085,177	848,105	178,242,218	516,594,984	-	435,012,253	450,335,508	5,294,571,795
Comprehensive income for the year										
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	675,632,113	-	675,632,113
Other comprehensive income, net of tax										-
Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured										(192,667,464)
at fair value	_	_	_	-	-	(192,667,464)	_	_	_	(172,007,404)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Share of Associates accounted as per Equity Method									61,708,891	61,708,891
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from translating financial assets										
of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	_	_	_	(192,667,464)	_	675,632,113	61,708,891	544,673,540
Transfer to reserve during the year		-	135,126,423	189,745		-	-	(138,754,940)	3,438,772	(0.00)
Transfer from reserve during the year		-			94,938,348		-	(94,938,348)	-	
Transactions with owners, directly recognised in equity										_
Share issued		-	-	-			-			-
Premium received on issuance of unsubscribed number of right										
shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Share based payments	-	_	_	_		_		-	_	_
Dividends to equity holders		_		_			_		_	_
Bonus shares issued	377,838,961							(377,838,961)		
Cash dividend paid	-							(19,885,955)		(19,885,955)
Total contributions by and distributions	377,838,961	-	135,126,423	189,745	94,938,348	(192,667,464)		44,213,909	65,147,662	524,787,585
Balance at Ashad end 2079	3,284,292,511	-	942,211,600	1,037,851	273,180,566	323,927,520		479,226,162	515,483,170	5,819,359,380



For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

1. Reporting Entity

Lumbini Bikas Bank is a Public company incorporated and operating in Nepal. The address of its registered office is Dillibazar, Kathmandu Nepal. The bank carries out banking business in Nepal as national level development bank under Bank and Financial Institution Act 2073.

2. Basis of preparation

The Interim financial statements of the bank have been prepared as per Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS): NAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and Carve-outs as issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of Nepal (ICAN).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in functional and presentation currency of the Bank i.e. Nepalese Rupee ("NPR") which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates.

3. Statement of Compliance with NFRS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) as published by Nepal Accounting Standard Board and as pronounced by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) and in compliance with applicable laws and regulation.

4. Use of estimates, assumptions and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. The Bank makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future events. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ from these estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

5. Changes in accounting policies

The Bank applies its accounting policies consistently for all periods presented.

6. Significant accounting policies

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

i. Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention except for certain material items that have been measured at fair value as required by the relevant NFRS as mentioned below:

- Liabilities for defined employee benefit under NAS 19 'Employee Benefit'
- Investment Property under NAS 40 'Investment Property'
- Investment Securities under NFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

ii. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprises cash in hand, balances with bank and financial institutions, money at call and short notice, and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date with insignificant risk of changes in their value which are held by the bank to meet short term cash commitments.

iii. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Bank becomes a party to the contract embodying the related financial instruments. All financial assets, financial liabilities and financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at transaction cost and where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

iv. Trading Assets

Trading Assets are those which the bank principally acquires for selling or on initial recognition is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These assets are designated as Fair Value through Profit or Loss.

v. Property, Plant and Equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. The assets are depreciated over their useful life using Straight line method. The estimated useful lives are;

Item	Useful Life
Office Equipment	5 years

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

Furniture Fixture and Fitting	5 years
Vehicle	5 years
Computer, Printer and Accessories	5 years
ATM Machine	7 Years
Freehold Premises	50 Years
Leasehold Assets	Earlier of 10 years or Lease Tenure

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

vi. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill is the residual of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. It is assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software costs are capitalized and recognized as intangible assets based on materiality, accounting prudence and significant benefits expected to flow there from for a period longer than one year.

vii. Investment Property

An investment property is property held by the bank to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than own-occupied. The investment property of the bank solely consists of land or building acquired under the Non-Banking Assets. Subsequently all investment properties are reported at cost less accumulated depreciation.

viii. Income Tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current taxes and deferred taxes. Income tax is recognized in the profit or loss statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly to equity.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates at the balance sheet date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Income tax rates applicable to Bank: 30%

Deferred tax

- The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates at the balance sheet date.
- A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable
 profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. The carrying amount of
 deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply
in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and
tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting
period.

ix. Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities

The Bank presents the deposits held from customers and bank and financial institutions at amortized cost.

The Bank does not have any debt or subordinated liabilities at the reporting date.

x. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

xi. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits during the period arising in the course of the ordinary activities of an entity when those inflows result in increases in equity, other than increases relating to contributions from equity participants. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the Bank and that the revenue can be reliably measured.

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Bank and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Fee and commission income

Fee and commission earned for the provision of services over a period of time are accrued over that period.

Dividend Income

Dividend income (net of withholding taxes) from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

the economic benefits will flow to the Bank and the amount of income can be measured reliably). In case of stock dividend only the number of shares is increased.

Net trading income

It comprises gain or loss on trading assets, interest or dividend income on trading assets and gains or losses arising under settlement of foreign currency transactions.

xii. Interest Expenses

Interest expense is recognized in the profit or loss using effective interest rate for all the financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

xiii. Employee Benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by an entity in exchange for service rendered by employees or for the termination of employment. Such benefits include short term, long term, termination and other long term benefits.

The Bank provides for defined benefits in the form of gratuity. The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries through actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognized as a liability at the present value of the obligation as at the reporting date determined based on an actuarial valuation.

For the Interim financial statement provision for leave and gratuity has been provided on estimated actuarial valuation and hence actuarial gain loss has not been separately disclosed and it will change as per Actuarial Valuation Report.

xiv. Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Bank is classified as a finance lease. A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Bank will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Finance leases are capitalized at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased asset or, at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

inception of the lease, whichever is lower. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Bank's general policy on the borrowing costs.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit.

xv. Share Capital and Reserves

Equity is the residual interest in the total assets of an entity after deducting all the liabilities. The share capital of the Bank includes the equity share capital with promoter and public shareholding. The Bank has also maintained several statutory reserves and free reserves which are presented in the statement of changes in equity.

xvi. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for treasury shares, bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/ (loss) for the year as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date.

7. Segment Reporting

Operating segment are those components of an entity that engages in business activities which earns revenue and incurs expenses and whose results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker for those segment having discrete financial information.

The senior management of the Bank is the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

For the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

	Bar	nking Treasury and remittance Other (not separately reportable)		Treasury and remittance		Total		
Particulars	Current Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Quarter	Current Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Quarter	Current Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Quarter	Current Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Quarter
Revenue From								
External Customer	4,508,328,137	3,170,955,358	319,600,397	153,241,346	52,881,065	141,841,803	4,880,809,600	3,466,038,508
Intersegment Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Segment Profit								
(Loss) before Tax	745,025,212	420,655,819	189,125,736	90,920,899	35,978,659	113,735,497	970,129,607	625,312,215
Segment Assets	44,992,745,497	36,053,087,476	10,979,767,709	7,642,921,188	394,255,234	429,164,507	56,366,768,440	44,125,173,171
Segment Liability	50,091,648,508	38,401,199,705	-	545,561	455,760,553	428,856,110	50,547,409,061	38,830,601,376

Reconciliation of reportable segment (profit loss)

Particulars	Current Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Quarter
	934,150,948	511,576,718
Total Profit before tax for reportable segment		
Profit before tax for other segment	35,978,659	113,735,497
Elimination of intersegment profit	-	-
Unallocated amount	-	-
Profit before tax	970,129,607	625,312,215

8. Events after interim period

There have been no material events after the reporting period affecting the financial status of the Bank as on Ashad End, 2079.

9. Related Party Disclosure

The key management personnel of the bank including member of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and other executive level staff of the Bank are as follow.

Mr. Prabin Krishna Shrestha
Mr. Chinta Mani Bhattarai
Mr. Keshav Khatiwada
Mr. Lomas Manandhar
Mr. Pratap Kumar Acharya
Mr. Ram Chandra Sigdel
Mrs. Anju Kumari Gupta

- Chairman
- Director
- Director
- Director
- Director

Mr. Naresh Singh Bohra -Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Paban Dhakal -Senior Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Umesh Regmi - Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Lumbini Bikas Bank LimitedFor the period ended 32nd Ashad, 2079

The Development Bank has the following associates:

- i. Muktinath Capital Limited (Former: Vibor Capital Limited)
- ii. Deprosc Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
- iii. NADEP Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
- iv. Lumbini General Insurance Limited

Additional disclosure as per Securities Registration and Issuance Regulation -2073 (Sub-Rule 1 of Rule 26) for Fourth Quarter of FY 2078/79

A. Financial Statement Highlights

- 1. Related Party Transactions:
 - a. The bank has investment of NPR 40 Million in its associate company Muktinath Capital Limited (Former: Vibor Capital Ltd.). The bank holds 19.75% of shares of Muktinath Capital Ltd.
 - b. The bank pays Muktinath Capital Ltd. NPR 275,000.00 per annum for the services rendered as its Registrar to Shares.
 - c. Muktinath Capital Ltd. maintains call /current deposit accounts with the bank.
- 2. Ratios as on Fourth Quarter End 2078/79.

Particulars	This Quarter Ending
Liquidity	21.43%
Return on total Assets (Annualized)	1.20%
Number of Equity Shares	32,842,925
Earnings per Share (Annualized)	20.57
Net worth per Share	177.19
Price earnings ratio	16.58

B. Management Analysis

- 1. Quarterly changes in Capital, Reserve, Income and the reason thereof if any:
 - a. The capital of the Bank has increased by NPR 377.84 Million after capitalization of stock dividend from FY 2077-78.
 - b. The bank has registered NPR 675.63 Million net profit during the period ending Fourth Quarter of Fiscal Year 2078/79. The development bank is in a comfortable liquidity position.
 - c. While comparing with past performance, bank has made notable progress in its credit and deposit portfolio in this quarter. With the growth of business portfolio, operating profit & net profit has been increased significantly by 60.02% & 55.69% respectively as compare to corresponding previous period due to increase in interest and other income of the Bank. The changes in credit portfolio, deposit, profitability and other financial indicators are stated in the financial statement.
 - d. With the control of outbreak of COVID-19, economic activities have been increased and our Bank has able to operate its banking transaction in normal scenario. The relaxation on recovery of loan and advances has been provided through deferral of repayment of Loan to the effected borrower of the Bank as per the NRB directives.
- 2. Management overview on the business for next period:

The bank is focusing on strengthening the customer service and minimizing the operation cost through introduction of modern technology. The bank focuses on maximizing the return not only through interest income but through wider range of

income generating services such as fee based income and cross selling of bank's products, investment and remittance.

C. Details Pertaining to Legal Proceedings

- 1. There are some legal cases filed at the courts by our credit customers and in relation to few operational matters and all cases are continued from previous quarter.
- 2. No such information has been received of law suit filed by or against the promoters or directors of the bank involving violation of statutory regulation or criminal offences.

D. Analysis of Bank's Share Transactions

Maximum, minimum and last share price of the development bank including total transaction and transacted days during the Fourth Quarter. (Source:www.nepalstock.com)

Highest Price	455
Lowest Price	290.1
Total transacted no. of days	64
Closing Price	341
Total traded no. of shares	1,909,671
No. of transactions	12,439

E. Problems and Challenges

1. Internal:

- a. Recovery of chronic Non-Performing Loan and Overdue Interest.
- b. Retention of High value clients.
- c. Recruiting and retention of quality human resource.

2. External:

- a. Availability of liquidity in the Market
- b. Competitive business environment.
- c. Cost of deposit and Yield on Loans due to volatile and stress liquidity situations.
- d. Limited credit opportunity in productive sectors.
- e. Increased level of Operational risk in the industry.

3. Strategy:

- a. Post COVID-19 Pandemic
 - -Focus on productive and subsidized sector loan
 - -Digitalization of Banking Transaction
 - -Implementation of effective cost management practices
 - -Proper Management of Assets and liabilities of the Bank
- b. Aggressive Recovery of NPL.
- c. Diversify credit portfolio through quality and small sized lending, e.g. on small, micro, deprived sector and agriculture instead of big loans.
- d. Identify new avenue of Investment.
- e. Disposal of Non-Banking Assets.

F. Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors, Risk Management Committee, Audit Committee, and Management Team are committed for strengthening good corporate governance within the bank. The development bank has written policies, rules and guidelines to perform the banking operation to ensure good corporate governance.

G. Disclosure of the Chief Executive Officer

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I, the Chief Executive Officer, declare that the information on the development bank's position and performance disclosed in this report are true and fair. I have not intentionally concealed any relevant data or information that in my assessment would adversely affect the investment decision of any depositor or investor.